

# **Prevent Statement**

Policy Review	Aut 24
Next review	Autumn 25

### **Prevent Duty**

## **Preventing Radicalisation in school**

Building resilience in our young people and the promotion of fundamental British values is at the heart of preventing radicalisation. We do this by providing a safe place in which children can discuss issues, and we aim to give them the knowledge and confidence to challenge extremist beliefs and ideologies.

Our new prevent duty, is carried out under the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015, which legally requires us to take steps to prevent pupils from being drawn into terrorism. We take this duty seriously and carry out the four main actions responsibly, namely: risk assessment, working in partnership, staff training and IT policies. If we assess a child as at risk, we will refer to the Channel Programme, which focuses on providing support at an early stage to people who are identified as being vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism.

We recognise that we play a vital role in keeping children safe from harm, including from the risks of extremism and radicalisation, and in promoting the welfare of children in our care.

#### What we do if there is a concern

If we have a concern about a particular pupil we will follow the school's normal safeguarding procedures, including discussing with the school's designated safeguarding lead, and where deemed necessary, with children's social care.

We may also contact the local police force or dial 101 (the non-emergency number). They can talk to us in confidence about concerns and help us gain access to support and advice.

The Department for Education has dedicated a telephone helpline (020 7340 7264) to enable staff and governors to raise concerns relating to extremism directly. Concerns can also be raised by email to counter.extremism@education.gsi.gov.uk. Please note that the helpline is not intended for use in emergency situations, such as a child being at immediate risk of harm or a security incident In an emergency situation we will follow the recommended emergency procedures.

# Schools for Every Child

# **Prevent Risk Assessment**

#### Introduction

extremism externally

Everyone who comes into contact with children and their families has a role to play in safeguarding children. Schools have a duty of care to their pupils and staff which includes safeguarding them from the risk of being drawn into terrorism - this includes not just violent extremism but also non-violent extremism, which can create an atmosphere conducive to terrorism and can popularise views which terrorists exploit. Schools should be safe spaces in which children and young people can understand and discuss sensitive topics, including terrorism and the extremist ideas that are part of the terrorist ideology and learn how to challenge these ideas.

School staff are particularly important as they are in a position to identify concerns early and provide help for children, to prevent concerns from escalating. Schools and colleges and their staff form part of the wider safeguarding system for children. This system is described in statutory guidance Working Together to Safeguard Children (2018) and Keeping Children Safe in Education (2023). Schools and colleges should work with social care, the police, health services and other services to promote the welfare of children and protect them from harm. Radicalisation is listed as a specific safeguarding issue within this statutory guidance and is addressed within the Government Prevent Strategy. The Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 places a duty on Schools to 'have "due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism".

The Prevent Strategy has three main objectives:

- · Respond to the ideological challenge of terrorism & the threat we face from those who promote it;
- Prevent people from being drawn into terrorism and ensure that they are given appropriate advice and support:
- · Work with sectors and institutions where there are risks of radicalisation which we need to address.

Each school within our Schools for Every Child trust recognises that it has a duty under section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015, in the exercise of its functions, to have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism.

Duty	What this means	Action
The values and ethos of the school promote resilience against extremist	The school values clearly set out our commitment to British values.	<ul> <li>Strong focus on our values and our attributes</li> <li>Values include a commitment to tolerance, diversity and mutual respect (part of DEI project)</li> </ul>
Local partnership arrangements in exercising its prevent duty.	Existing policies and procedures.	<ul> <li>School leaders stay up to date with local developments and risks.</li> <li>The schools contact relevant other professionals.</li> </ul>
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Staff are confident and capable of working with external agencies and sharing concerns about	The prevent lead makes appropriate referrals to other agencies ie: The Channel Panel	<ul> <li>Records of referrals are kept on arbor and followed up immediately.</li> <li>DSL knows how to contact the appropriate agencies.</li> </ul>



Staff training		
Equip staff to identify children at risk of being drawn into terrorism and to challenge extremist ideas.	Assess the training needs of staff in the light of the school's assessment of the risk to pupils at the school of being drawn into terrorism.	<ul> <li>The designated safeguarding leads and Prevent Lead undertakes Prevent Awareness Training. Ensure that the designated safeguarding lead is able to provide advice and support to other members of staff on protecting children from the risk of radicalisation.</li> <li>All staff completed online Prevent Training</li> <li>Relevant staff have completed the "General Awareness Training on Channel". (Referred to in the DfE guidance cited below).</li> </ul>
IT Policies		
Ensure that children are safe from terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet in schools	The school has policies in place which make reference to the "Prevent" duty.	<ul> <li>Online safety policy</li> <li>Acceptable use policy</li> <li>Preventing bullying policy</li> <li>Pupils are encouraged to report any material they come across online which makes them worried or uncomfortable.</li> <li>IT safety and monitoring systems, for example:</li> <li>The school IT network has appropriate filters to block sites deemed inappropriate or unsafe</li> <li>Lightspeed filtering and monitoring system is in place with summary fed back to IFtL</li> <li>School email accounts are monitored by IT staff</li> </ul>
	Children are taught about on-line safety with specific reference	The curriculum reflects this duty.
	to the risk of radicalisation	



Building children's resilience to radicalisation				
Ensure that pupils have a "safe environment" in which to discuss "controversial issues".	Pupils develop "the knowledge, skills and understanding to prepare them to play a full and active part in society".	<ul> <li>Through PSHE/RSE and other curriculum activities in pupils are able to explore political, religious and social issues.</li> <li>Pupils are taught about the diverse national, regional and ethnic identities in the UK and the need for mutual respect.</li> <li>Relevant staff are aware of the government guidance:         <ul> <li>https://www.gov.uk/government/news/guidance- on-promoting-british-values-in-schools- published/</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
promotes British Values and a	Clearly identfified opportunities to promote British Values and challenge extremist ideplogies	<ul> <li>Opportunities to promote British values are clearly identified within all curriculum areas and through the full safeguarding curriculum (incl. Jigsaw curriculum)</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Use of PSHE or RSE lessons for sensitive and supportive discussions on radical issues and extreme ideologies</li> <li>Our behaviour policy clearly sets out that hateful behaviour is not tolerated.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Staff know how to respond to witnessing harassment and abusive behaviour.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Pupils are encouraged to challenge harassment or abusive behaviour among their peers</li> </ul>		

<sup>&</sup>quot;Keeping Children Safe in Education: Information for all school and college staff" DfE, 2023

<sup>&</sup>quot;The Prevent Duty: Departmental advice for schools and childcare providers", DfE, April 2021